### **HOUSE BILL No. 1727**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 13-14-12-1; IC 13-30.

Synopsis: Enforcement of environmental laws. Requires money collected as certain environmental civil penalties to be deposited in the state general fund instead of being credited to the environmental management special fund. Requires: (1) the department of environmental management to determine if the possible violation of an environmental law is a minor violation that may be corrected under the law concerning minor violations; and (2) the commissioner of the department to issue written findings of fact that show why a violation may not be corrected under the law concerning minor violations before the department may take any enforcement action against the alleged violator. Prohibits the department of environmental management from (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 1999.

## Frenz, Sturtz

January 26, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Environmental Affairs.



#### **Digest Continued**

releasing any information to the public concerning an alleged environmental violation or any enforcement action to be taken to correct an alleged environmental violation until the alleged violator has been: (1) notified of the alleged violation; and (2) given a reasonable opportunity to respond to the notification. Provides that, in determining the amount of a civil penalty to assess against a person who violates environmental laws, the person who imposes the penalty must consider: (1) the violator's history of previous violations of environmental laws; (2) the seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable harm to the environment and hazard to the health and safety of the public; and (3) the demonstrated good faith of the violator to achieve rapid compliance after notification of the violation.





#### Introduced

First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

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## **HOUSE BILL No. 1727**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 13-14-12-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. (a) The officials
3	collecting the following shall remit the money to the treasurer of state:
4	(1) Money collected under the following:
5	<del>(A)</del> <del>IC</del> <del>13-30-4-1.</del>
6	(B) IC <del>13-30-4-2.</del>
7	<del>(C)</del> <del>IC 13-30-5-1.</del>
8	(2) (1) Fees collected under IC 13-16-1-2 through IC 13-16-1-5.
9	(3) (2) Fees collected under IC 13-22-4-5.
10	(b) The treasurer of state shall credit the money to the
11	environmental management special fund.
12	SECTION 2. IC 13-30-3-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. If an investigation
14	discloses a possible violation, the commissioner shall proceed under:
15	(1) sections 2.3 and section 3 of this chapter; or



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1	(2) first <b>sections 2.3 and </b> section 3 of this chapter and then section
2	4 of this chapter.
3	SECTION 3. IC 13-30-3-2.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
5	1, 1999]: Sec. 2.3. (a) If an investigation discloses a possible
6	violation, the department shall determine if the possible violation
7	is a minor violation that may be corrected under IC 13-30-7.
8	(b) If the department determines that the possible violation is
9	not a minor violation that may be corrected under IC 13-30-7,
10	before the department may take any enforcement action against
11	the alleged violator the commissioner must issue written findings
12	of fact that show why the violation may not be corrected under
13	IC 13-30-7.
14	SECTION 4. IC 13-30-3-3.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
15	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
16	1, 1999]: Sec. 3.3. The department may not release any information
17	to the public concerning an alleged violation or any enforcement
18	action to be taken to correct an alleged violation until the alleged
19	violator has been:
20	(1) notified of the alleged violation under section 3 of this
21	chapter; and
22	(2) given a reasonable opportunity to respond to the
23	notification.
24	SECTION 5. IC 13-30-3-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 11. (a) An order of the
26	commissioner under this chapter may do any of the following:
27	(1) Include a direction to cease and desist from violations of the
28	following:
29	(A) Environmental management laws.
30	(B) Air pollution control laws.
31	(C) Water pollution control laws.
32	(D) A rule adopted by one (1) of the boards.
33	(2) Impose monetary penalties in accordance with the following:
34	(A) Environmental management laws.
35	(B) Air pollution control laws.
36	(C) Water pollution control laws.
37	(3) Mandate corrective action, including corrective action to be
38	taken beyond the boundaries of the area owned or controlled by
39	the person to whom the order is directed, to alleviate the violation.
40	(4) Revoke a permit or condition or modify the terms of a permit.
41	(b) In determining the amount of a monetary penalty under
42	subsection (a)(2), the commissioner shall consider the following:



1	(1) The violator's history of previous violations of the
2	following:
3	(A) Environmental management laws.
4	(B) Air pollution control laws.
5	(C) Water pollution control laws.
6	(2) The seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable
7	harm to the environment and hazard to the health and safety
8	of the public.
9	(3) The demonstrated good faith of the violator to achieve
0	rapid compliance after notification of the violation.
.1	SECTION 6. IC 13-30-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. (a) Subject to
3	IC 13-14-6 and except as provided in IC 13-23-14-2 and
4	IC 13-23-14-3, a person who violates:
5	(1) any provision of:
6	(A) environmental management laws;
7	(B) air pollution control laws;
8	(C) water pollution control laws;
9	(D) IC 13-18-14-1; or
20	(E) a rule or standard adopted by one (1) of the boards; or
21	(2) any determination, permit, or order made or issued by the
22	commissioner under:
23	(A) environmental management laws or IC 13-7 (before its
24	repeal);
25	(B) air pollution control laws or IC 13-1-1 (before its repeal);
26	or
27	(C) water pollution control laws or IC 13-1-3 (before its
28	repeal);
29	is liable for a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars
80	(\$25,000) per day of any violation.
31	(b) The department may:
32	(1) recover the civil penalty described in subsection (a) in a civil
33	action commenced in any court with jurisdiction; and
34	(2) request in the action that the person be enjoined from
35	continuing the violation.
86	(c) In determining the amount of a civil penalty under this
37	section, the department and a court shall consider the following:
88	(1) The violator's history of previous violations of :
39	(A) any provision of:
10	(i) environmental management laws;
1	(ii) air pollution control laws;
12	(iii) water pollution control laws;



1	(iv) IC 13-18-14-1; or
2	(v) a rule or standard adopted by one (1) of the boards;
3	or
4	(B) any determination, permit, or order made or issued by
5	the commissioner under:
6	(i) environmental management laws or IC 13-7 (before
7	its repeal);
8	(ii) air pollution control laws or IC 13-1-1 (before its
9	repeal); or
10	(iii) water pollution control laws or IC 13-1-3 (before its
11	repeal).
12	(2) The seriousness of the violation, including any irreparable
13	harm to the environment and hazard to the health and safety
14	of the public.
15	(3) The demonstrated good faith of the violator to achieve
16	rapid compliance after notification of the violation.
17	(d) Money collected under this section shall be remitted to the
18	treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund.
19	SECTION 7. IC 13-30-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. (a) Subject to
21	IC 13-14-6 and except as provided in IC 13-23-14-2 and
22	IC 13-23-14-3, a person who:
23	(1) is named in or directed by an emergency order under
24	IC 13-14-10-1; and
25	(2) violates the order;
26	is liable for an additional civil penalty not to exceed five hundred
27	dollars (\$500) per hour of violation.
28	(b) The additional civil penalty described in subsection (a) shall be
29	assessed in an action brought by the commissioner in any court with
30	jurisdiction.
31	(c) Money collected under this section shall be remitted to the
32	treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund.
33	SECTION 8. IC 13-30-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as
35	provided in IC 13-23-14-2 and IC 13-23-14-3, a person who obstructs,
36	delays, resists, prevents, or interferes with:
37	(1) the department; and
38	(2) the department's personnel or designated agent;
39	in the performance of an inspection or investigation performed under
40	IC 13-14-2-2 commits a Class C infraction. Each day of violation of
41	this section constitutes a separate infraction.
42	(b) Money collected for a violation of this section shall be



- 1 remitted to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state general
- 2 **fund.**



